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Multi-sport club in São Paulo, Brazil

This article is about the São Paulo club.

For the defunct Curitiba football club, see Esporte Clube Pinheiros (PR)Football club

The Esporte Clube Pinheiros, founded on 7 September 1899, by German immigrants, under the name Sport Club Germânia (Sport Club Germany), is a multi-sports and social club located in the Brazilian metropolis São Paulo.

The full name of the club is Esporte Clube Pinheiros São Paulo (E.C.P.S.P.).

The club's name is commonly abbreviated as E.C.Pinheiros, or E.C.P.

It has around 35,000 members, and its terrain comprises 170,000 m² in the well regarded quarter of Jardim Europa.

The club's assets are valued to be in excess of R\$ 350 million.

Historically, Germânia is the fourth oldest football club of Brazil and was part of the first inter club match of the country.

Until 1915 the club had won twice the State Championship of São Paulo.

Already early tennis grew popular among the club members and the club should become one of the co-founders of the Tennis association of São Paulo.

Football was basically abandoned with the advent of the professionalization of the sport in the 1930s.

During the course of World War II the club abandoned references to its German origin and in 1941 was renamed to Pinheiros.

In later years water polo was very popular.

In the 1970s João Carlos de Oliveira from Pinheiros held the world record in the triple jump.

In more recent times the club has joined the national elite in basketball and volleyball, in the former even winning international titles.

César Cielo won Olympic gold in swimming.

History [edit]

Logo of SC Germânia ca.1909.

Sport Club Germânia (S.C.

Germânia) was one of the clubs which established football in Brazil, and was one of the clubs

which participated in 1899, in the first inter-club match, and in 1902, in the first championship match of the country.

Germânia was twice the winner of the state championship of São Paulo, the Campeonato Paulista.

The eminent player of the early days of the club was Hermann Friese, considered the first football player personality of Brazil.

Arthur Friedenreich, the first great star of Brazilian football, and widely acknowledged as one of the all-time greats of the sport, commenced his career at Germânia in 1909.

The football team in the early years.

Club's founder, Hans Nobiling (with tie) poses with the players.

After abandoning football in the early 1930s, due to the professionalization of the game, the club successfully transformed itself to a universal sports club.

Already in 1932, the water sports department sent its first representative to the Olympic Games. Many more athletes from the club since represented Brazil in major international sports events, and swimmers like Gustavo Borges and César Cielo are among the club's Olympic medal winners. The basketball and volleyball teams play in the national top divisions, and the swimmers continue their dominance in Brazil.

Beyond this, Pinheiros has departments for many more modalities, such as judo, gymnastics, and tennis.

Since its merger with the Gesellschaft Germania, a social club of German immigrants, in the early 1940s, to form the Esporte Clube Pinheiros, named after the river Rio Pinheiros, flowing close by its seat, the club has also developed as a meeting place and venue for cultural events.

These days, thousands of visitors pass daily through the club's restaurants, bars, and other facilities.

Top stars of the Brazilian entertainment industry, like Daniela Mercury and Jorge Ben Jor have performed in the club's auditorium, which at its opening in 1957, was the largest of its kind in South America.

Also classical music and theatrical plays are regularly on the schedule.

Further facilities of the club include a kindergarten, library, and the Centro Pró-Memória Hans Nobiling, which comprises a museum displaying trophies and other memorabilia from the club's rich history, as well as the archives.

Activities [edit]

Nocturnal view across the greenery of the club, to apartment blocks along Rua Angelina Maffei Vita.

Basketball [edit]

In the 2005–06 season, EC Pinheiros participated for the first time in the professional first division of Brazilian basketball, but then failed to qualify for the single league that resulted from the merging of the conferences.

In the 2008–09 season, Pinheiros joined the new top Brazilian league, called the Novo Basquete Brasil, under the sponsored name Pinheiros/Sky.

[1] The team plays at the Ginásio Poliesportivo Henrique Villaboim, on the club's grounds in Jardim Europa.

In 2013, the team won its first international title, the most important competition of the Americas, the FIBA Americas League, and thus qualified to play at the 2013 edition of the FIBA Intercontinental Cup, where it lost the series against the EuroLeague champions Olympiacos, of the Greek Basket League.

Handball [edit]

EC Pinheiros is a recognized powerhouse in Brazilian handball, winning the Paulista Championship 30 times including the 2016 edition,[2] the National League 6 times the last time being the 2015 edition[3] and the Pan American Championship twice including the 2017 edition.[4]

The women's team is achieving success recently, winning the 2016 National League.[5]Judo [edit]

At the Olympic Games 1984 in Los Angeles Douglas Vieira won silver and thus the first Olympic medal for the judoka of Pinheiros.

In 2008 Leandro Guilherme won a bronze medal in judo in the 73 kg class.

In London 2012 Rafael Silva won the first bronze medal of the +100 kg category in judo – the tenth Olympic medal in the club's history.

Swimming [edit]

The swimming section from Pinheiros is leading in Brazil.

It has won a record 13 times the two main competitions in Brazil, the Maria Lenk Trophy and the José Finkel Trophy.

Manuel dos Santos won 100 m freestyle bronze at the Olympics 1960 in Rome.

Freestyle swimmer Gustavo Borges won silver and bronze medals in the Olympics of 1992, 1996 and 2000.

Cesar Cielo won short distance freestyle gold and bronze in 2008 in Beijing.

View across the tennis courts.

Tennis [edit]

By 1903, SC Germânia already had its first two tennis courts.

In his later years, founding president Hans Nobiling became an enthusiastic tennis player and the club's interest in tennis grew dramatically.

In 1924, SC Germânia won the State's top tennis club honor, the "Taça Brasil", or the Brazil Cup. The club was one of the founders of the state association "Federação Paulista de Tênis.

" By 1949, the now EC Pinheiros had 14 courts and was the largest tennis facility in Brazil.

Today, EC Pinheiros has 24 courts, two of which are covered for play during inclement weather.

Several times, the club has served as the host of matches for the Davis Cup, i.e.– Brazil v.India in 2010.

[6] The club's facilities also have served as venue for the Banana Bowl, a Grand Slam -event for junior players between 16 and 18 years of age.

In 1956, Ingrid Metzner from EC Pinheiros, then aged 19, was the first female Brazilian participant at the Wimbledon Championships.[7]

In 2007, the club's tennis association had 3,000 members.

[8]Volleyball [edit]

Brazil is a leading country in volleyball, and the ladies volleyball department is playing in Brazil's first division, the Superliga.

In 2010, the men's team played with their sponsored name as Pinheiros/Sky, but the men's team is not active currently.

The ladies formed a union with Mackenzie University, and therefore played as Pinheiros/Mackenzie.[9]

Track and field [edit]

Track and field was practically right from the beginning part of SC Germânia.

Hermann Friese, who was German Champion over 1500 metres in 1902 and joined Germânia in 1903 was in 1907 Brazil's sole representative at an international tournament in Montevideo, Uruguay where he won two competitions and finished second in a third one.

In 1924 Germânia was co-founder of the state athletics association Federação Paulista de Atletismo.

By the end of the 1930s the club had a 70 strong group of athletes and dominated track and field in Brazil.

Apart from many South-American records it held almost all national records.

At the Games in 1932 in Los Angeles Lúcio de Castro became the first athlete from EC Pinheiros to participate at Olympic Games.

In the pole vault he cleared 3,90 metres and finished sixth.

João Carlos de Oliveira won triple jump bronze 1976 in Montreal and 1980 in Moscow.

At the 1975 Pan American Games in Mexico he won the long jump with 8.

19 metres and surpassed the triple jump world record of Viktor Saneyev by 45 centimetres reaching 17.89 metres.

This mark held for almost six years, when the US-American Willie Banks extended it to 17.97 which should stand for ten years.

18 metres should not be exceeded before mid 1995.

Lately the club's athletes lined-up as EC Pinheiro/Asics.

Fabiano Peçanha, 2009 South-American champion over 800 metres, and Sabine Heitling, in the same year continental champion over 3000 metres steeplechase, belong to the most successful athletes of the club in more recent years.

Water polo [edit]

Water polo has been played at EC Pinheiros since 1949.

Soon players from the club were also selected to play in the national team, and represent Brazil at the Olympic Games and many other international events, such as the 1963 Pan American Games, which was won by Brazil.

After winning the Brazilian Cup in 2004, Pinheiros also won the first edition of the national league, the Liga Nacional de Pólo Aquático in 2008.

[10]Honours [edit]

Campeonato Paulista (2): 1906, 1916

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Omaha is a variant of Texas Hold'em Poker. Omaha is considered, by some, to be the hardest game of Poker to master. Of all of the different games of Poker, Omaha is for many the hardest to learn to play and the hardest to bluff in. It is played most often at fixed limits, like Texas Hold'em and pot limit.

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While it's possible to argue that a novice poker player may make a mistake at the table, that argument doesn't hold up if it involves an experienced poker pro. That was the excuse Brazilian poker player Rafael Caiaffa made during a recent tournament, but his antics have cost him an indefinite ban from the game.

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Cindy Ngamba: la boxeadora británica que puede ganar una medalla para el equipo de refugiados del Comité Olímpico Internacional

La boxeadora Cindy Ngamba ha sido calificada como una posible medallista para el equipo de refugiados del Comité Olímpico Internacional (COI) en los Juegos Olímpicos de París de este verano.

Ngamba, de 26 años, nació en Camerún pero se mudó a Inglaterra hace 15 años. GB Boxing quería elegirla para su equipo olímpico, pero no pudieron hacerlo porque no tiene un pasaporte británico. En cambio, Ngamba se clasificó para el equipo de refugiados del COI al ganar un torneo en Italia el mes pasado y fue nombrada oficialmente entre los 36 atletas que competirán

bajo su bandera el jueves. Es la primera boxeadora refugiada que participará en el torneo de boxeo y la primera en cualquier deporte en lograr un lugar en los Juegos por clasificación en lugar de selección.

Un sueño hecho realidad

"Tuvimos una pequeña celebración en la Casa Olímpica cuando nos enteramos de su clasificación en Milán", dijo el presidente del COI, Thomas Bach, al anunciar la composición del equipo para 2024. "Cindy tiene muchos fanáticos aquí".

Ngamba no puede regresar a Camerún porque es homosexual, lo que sigue siendo un delito en el país. Ha pasado por la escuela y la universidad en el Reino Unido y tiene un título en criminología. Comenzó su carrera de boxeo en Gran Bretaña cuando tenía 15 años. Se unió a un gimnasio local en Bolton porque estaba siendo acosada por su acento. Desde entonces, ha ganado títulos nacionales amateur en tres categorías de peso diferentes. Pero aún lucha por obtener la ciudadanía británica. GB Boxing incluso escribió a nombre de ella a la oficina de inmigración, pero no tuvieron éxito.

Un ejemplo de resiliencia

A los 20 años, Ngamba fue arrestada después de asistir a lo que creía que sería un proceso de rutina para notificar a las autoridades sobre su paradero. "Imagina pensar que vas a firmar y luego volver a tu casa para seguir con tu día, y luego te pones en la parte de atrás de una furgoneta con esposas", dijo Ngamba a la . "Fui enviada a Londres y cuando estaba allí hablé con muchas mujeres. Algunas me dijeron que habían estado allí durante muchos meses y años. Algunas estaban a punto de ser enviadas de regreso a su país al día siguiente y estaba pensando: '¿Voy a ser enviada de regreso al día siguiente?'"

El jueves, Ngamba dijo: "Significa el mundo para mí haber me han clasificado para los Juegos Olímpicos y ser la primera boxeadora refugiada. Siempre he trabajado duro, incluso antes del clasificatorio era muy disciplinada y constante en mi entrenamiento, no tengo duda de que cada refugiado que ha sido seleccionado es el mismo. Todos simplemente vamos a salir ahí y hacer nuestro trabajo. Somos una familia, y todos vamos a ir allí y apoyarnos mutuamente". El COI elogió el apoyo que ha recibido de GB Boxing en particular.

Los 36 atletas del Equipo Olímpico de Refugiados de 2024 son originarios de 11 países diferentes y competirán en 12 deportes diferentes. Ngamba es una de las cinco que se basan en el Reino Unido, junto con Dorsa Yavarivafa y Matin Balsini, nacidos en Irán, Farzad Mansouri, de Afganistán, y Ramiro Mora Romero, de Cuba. Balsini es un nadador, Yavarifafa competirá en bádminton, y Mansouri en taekwondo, mientras que Romero es un levantador de pesas.

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